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# A Developing Science of Cyber Security – an Opportunity for Model Based Engineering & Design

July 27, 2017

Jerry M. Couretas, PhD

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## About Me - Cyber Modeling and Simulation

- Editor-in-Chief of the Journal of Defense Modeling and Simulation
  - 7/2017 Cyber M&S Special Issue
  - 1/2018 Cyber Special Issue on Developing Science of Cyber Security
- PhD from Dr. B.P. Zeigler at the University of Arizona's Artificial Intelligence and Simulation Lab





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## Hackers Are Targeting Nuclear Plants, U.S. Says

#### By NICOLE PERLROTH

Since May, hackers have been penetrating the computer networks of companies that operate nuclear power stations and other energy facilities, as well as manufacturing plants in the United States and other countries.

Among the companies targeted was the Wolf Creek Nuclear Operating Corporation, which runs a nuclear power plant near Burlington, Kan., according to security consultants and an urgent joint report issued by the Department of Homeland Security and the Federal Bureau of Investigation last week.

The joint report was obtained by The New York Times and confirmed by security specialists who have been responding to the attacks. It carried an urgent amber warning, the second-highest ratng for the severity of the threat.

The report did not indicate whether the cyberattacks were an ttempt at espionage - such as tealing industrial secrets - or art of a plan to cause destruction. here is no indication that hackrs were able to jump from their ictims' computers into the con-



The Wolf Creek nuclear plant in Kansas in 2000. Its operator was targeted by hackers.

cause of confidentiality agreements.

The origins of the hackers are not known. But the report indi-1 11 -t an Hadvancod pargist

directed their victims' internet traffic through their own machines.

Energy, nuclear and critical organizations manufacturing

"We never anticipated that critical infrastructure control tems would be facing advan malware," levels of Wellinghoff said.

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Calendaria and Anna a

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Effects of time

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#### 1.16 . 2.10

		Electri- city	Gas	Rall- ways	ICT	Urban Water
Complexity	Physical					
	Organisational					
	Speed of change					
Dependence (interconnected-	On other Infrastructures					
ness)	For other infrastructures					
	Intra-infrastructure					
	ICT control					
Vulnerability	External impact*					
	Technical/human failure					
	Cyber attacks					
	Terrorist target					
Market	Degree of liberalisation					
environment	Inadequacy of control					
	Speed of change					
	L		L			
Degree of	Scope					
criticality -	Magnitude					
feeters						

**C**riticality crit factors Overall degree of criticality

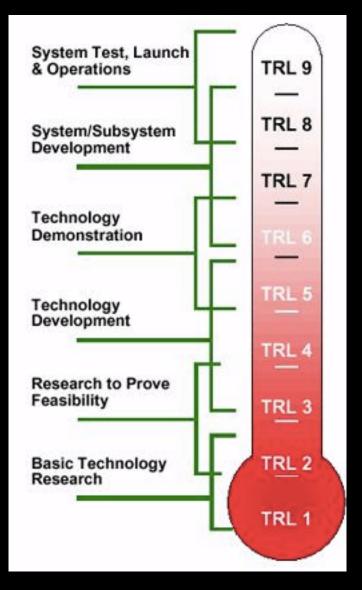
Infrastructure characteristics

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Cyber in the News

(Stoplight Charts)

## M&S Work



212.1.1

NASA Technological Readiness Levels (TRLs)



## Contents

- Science of Cyber Security
- Developing Communities
- Cyber Risk Evaluation & Assessment
- Cyber Model Example
- Current Evaluations
- Developing Work
- Wrap Up





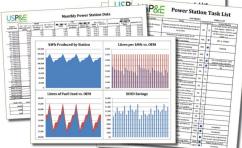
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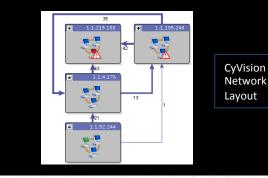
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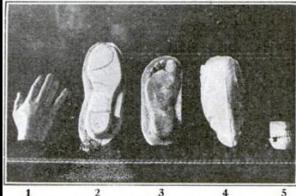
# The Scientific Underpinnings of Cybersecurity

## A science of security will develop

- a body of scientific laws
- testable explanations
- confirmation or validation of predicted outcomes







Plaster casts made in European detective laboratories in order to study crime scientifically

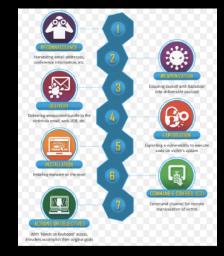
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# Scientific Approach to Cybersecurity

There are strong and well-developed bases in the contributing disciplines:

- mathematics and computer science
- human sciences<sup>1</sup>
- A scientific approach to cybersecurity challenges expands understanding of
- systems
- defenses
- attacks
- adversaries







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# National Academy of Science & Cyber Research

## Findings included

– Interdisciplinary program examples – U of Bochum

## - Questions current research

- High frequency publishing vs quality
- Enabling results

## Longer research projects may help

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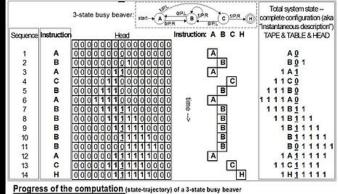
## Example Transitions from Art to Science

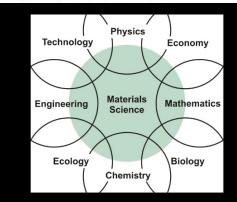
- Cyber Security Science
  - 1700s-1960s complex industrial systems with integrated timing handled by respective operators
  - 1960s 1980s Systems Theory (e.g., Wymore, Zeigler
     ...) texts introduced
  - 1990s 2000s micro computers increased number of entities to point where scale and scope of new systems introduce overall security / safety issues
  - Early 2000s present "cyber" introduced as topic in security circles
  - Next step ?
- Computer Science
  - Pre History 1930s "computer" was a person who used various devices (e.g., Abacus, analytical engine, etc.)
  - 1930s 1950s algorithms (e.g., Church-Turing, ...), N.
     Wiener's "Cybernetics," identified as independent domain
  - 1950s 1970s development of computer science curricula and specialized literature (e.g., first PhD ~ 1965)
  - 1970s present "Computer Science" with provable hypotheses
- Material Science
  - Pre History to 17<sup>th</sup> Century Alchemy
  - I7<sup>th</sup> Century I960s Metallurgy
  - 1960s present Material Science
  - Still recipe based



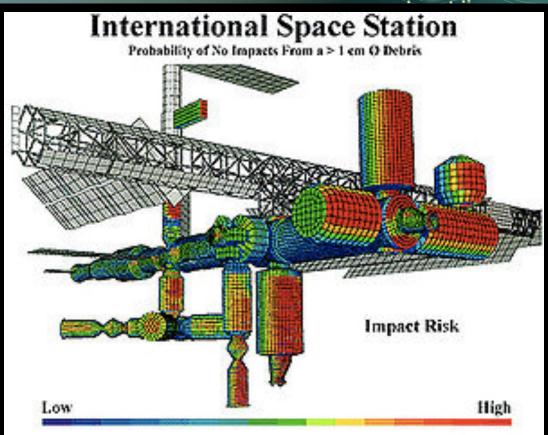
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We have built high risk, complex systems, for new domains

## Hard Problems are what M&S is For

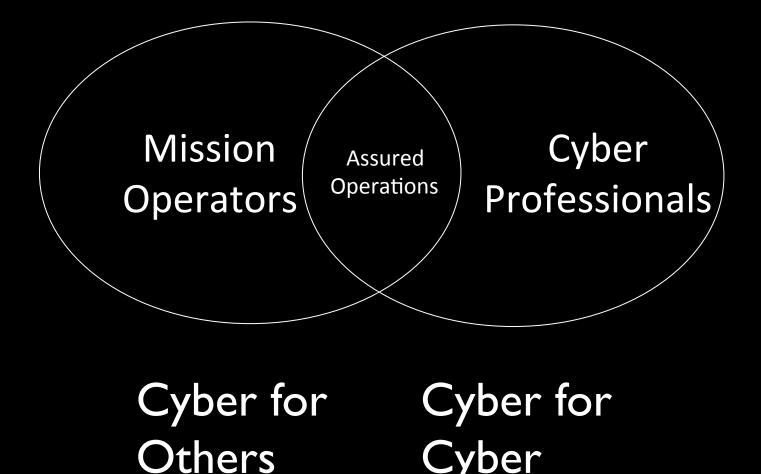


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# Cyber Mission M&S Communities



# Cyber for Others, C4O Recognise cyber attack indicators React – call C4C

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Cyber for Cyber, C4C
Block network attacks
Mitigate network attacks
Reconstitute networks

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Cybe

Effect

(C4C)

# Military Activities & Cyber Effects (MACE)

#### Military Effects(C4O)

	Deny	Degrade	Disrupt	Destroy	Digital Espionage
Interruption	>	×	~	×	×
Modification	~	~	~	~	×
Degradation	×	~	~	×	×
Fabrication	~	~	×	×	~
Interception	×	×	×	×	~

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# Example Cyber Mission Use of Standards

- OASIS standards address IA to protect
  - CybOX (Cyber Observable eXpression)
  - STIX (Structured Threat Information eXpression)
  - TAXII (Trusted Automated eXchange of Indicator Information)
- Cyber Range Interoperability Standard (CRIS) for <u>connect</u> different range emulations<sup>1</sup>

- SISO Training Standards



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# 2015 Business Blackout

## Lloyd's of London scenario looked at a U.S. power grid failure





<sup>1</sup> https://www.lloyds.com/news-and-insight/risk-insight/library/society-and-security/business-blackout

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... and, while a major cyber attack is unlikely ...

Cyber attacks, including against industrial control systems, are a continuing phenomena

Dete	Event name	Detailed description	Actors	Motivation	Methodology	Outcome
April 1999 (Milhom, 2007)	Gazprom – Russian gas supplier	A Trojan was delivered to a company insider who opened it deliberately. The control system was under direct control of the attackers for a number of hours.	Targeted Attack & Insider	Sabotage & Ransom	Trojan & Insider	Unauthorise Access
July 1999 (National Safety Transport Board, 2002) (Wilshusen, 2007)	Bellingham	Over 250,000 gallons of gasoline leaked into nearby creeks and caught on fire. Large amount of property demage, three deaths and eight others injured. During the incident the control system was unresponsive and records/logs were missing from devices.	Accident	Unknown	Accidental	Physical Demage and Bodily hjury
Feb. and April 2000 (JII Slay, 2008) (Wilshusen, 2007)	Maroochyshire	A recently fired employee sabotaged radio communications and released 800,000 gallons of raw sewage into parks, rivers and the grounds of a hotel.	Insider attack	Sabotage	Radio man- in-the-middle	Physical Demage
May 2001 (US House of Representatives, 2005 (SCADAP <sup>1</sup> 2005 (SCADAP <sup>1</sup> 2005 and the Terrorist Threat: Protecting the Nation's Critical Control Systems, 2005	California	A hacking incident at California Independent System Operator (CASO) lasted two weeks, but did not cause any damage.	Evternal attack	Unknown and contained	Deliberate	Thwarted
August 2005 (GAO Report, 2007)	Daimler- Chrysler	Thirteen Daimler-Chrysler US auto manufacturing plants were taken offline for about an hour by an internet worm. An estimated \$14m in downtime costs.		Spyware Installation	Zotob Worm and MS05-039 Plug-n-Play	Infection
infection	Brown's Ferry	Loss of recirculation flow on a US nuclear reactor down for maintenence caused a manual scram. A worm exploited a buffer overflow flow in the widely used MSSQL server during the scram.		Unknown	Slammer Worm and Buffer Overflow	Non-industrie control systems targets
Oct 2006 (Wilshusen, 2007)	Harrisburg	Hackers gained access to a water treatment plant through an infected laptop.	Targeted Threat Agent	Mischief	Compromised Laptop	Server used to run online games
Jan 2008 (Maras, 2012)	Lodz	Attacker built a remote control device to control trains and tracks through distributed field devices. Four trains were derailed with zero deaths. A disputited employee installed melicious code on a canel control system.	Targeted Threat Actor, Accident or Insider Attack	Mischief	Altered Universal Remote	Mayhem, Criminal
Jan 2008 (Knapton, 2008)	Kingsnorth	Attacker broke into the E.ON Kingsnorth power station which caused a 500MW turbine to take an emergency shutdown.	Targeted Threat Actor	Sabotage	Physical Penetration	

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# Insurance Concepts & Systems Engineering for Cyber

- Böhme & Schwartz (2010) provide an excellent summary of cyber insurance literature and define a unified model of cyber insurance that consists of 5 components:
  - the networked environment
  - demand side
  - supply side
  - information structure
  - organizational environment
- In addition, the defining characteristics of cyber insurance are
  - interdependent security
  - correlated failure
  - information asymmetry

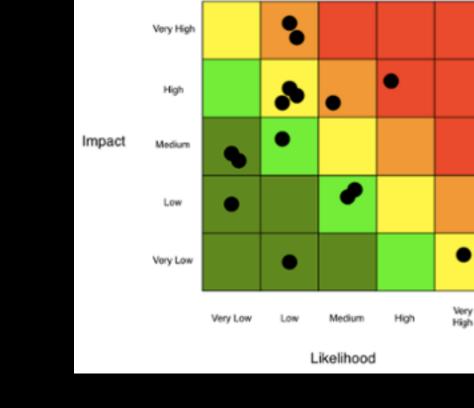


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# Example Cyber Measurement Models

 Factor Analysis of Information Risk (FAIR) Model <sup>1</sup>

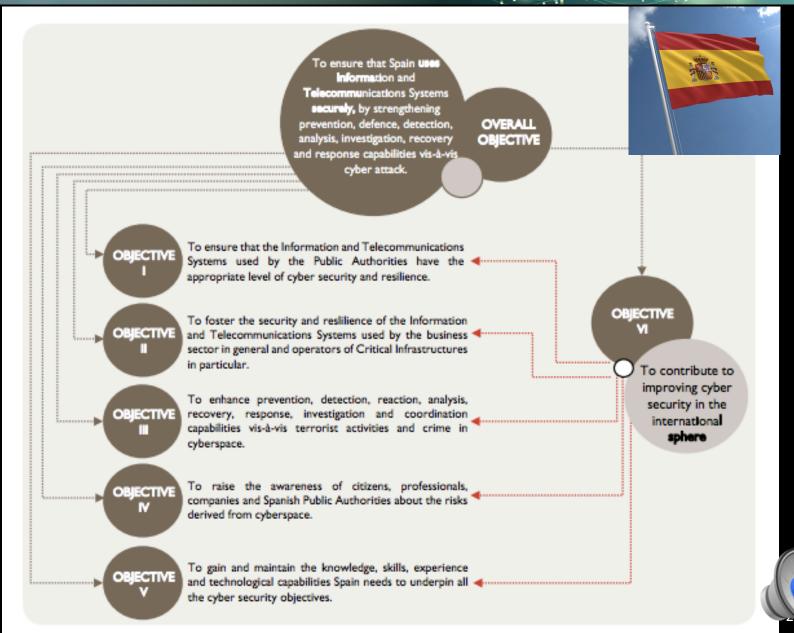
 "How to Measure Anything in Cyber Security Risk"<sup>2</sup>



Risk

2

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<sup>1</sup> https://www.enis

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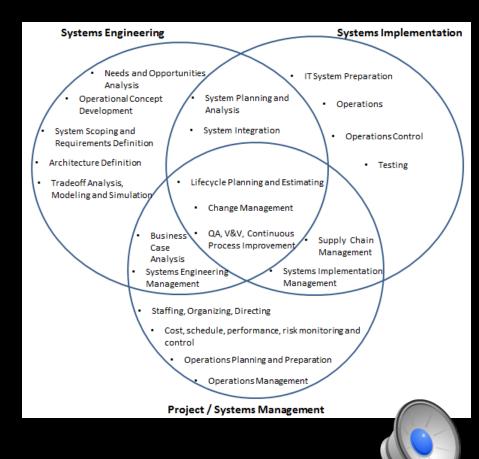
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# Cyber Model Example - Introduction

- Build Enterprise
   Description Model
- Use Analytic Model

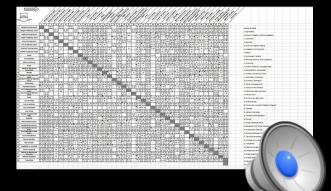


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# **Enterprise Model**

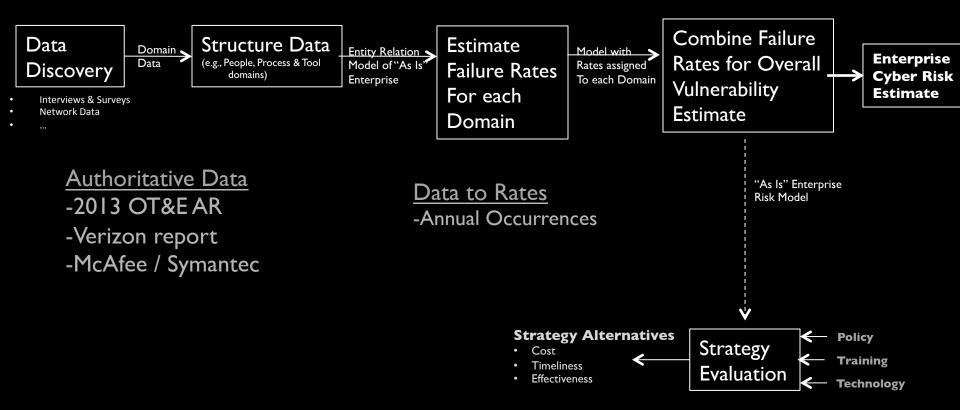
# People manage enterprise due to the scope of information





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## **Enterprise Model Construction & Evaluation**



#### **Metrics**

-Dollar quantifiable (e.g., Target, Nieman Marcus ...) -Media quantifiable (e.g., Snowden, Manning) – number of articles / exposure

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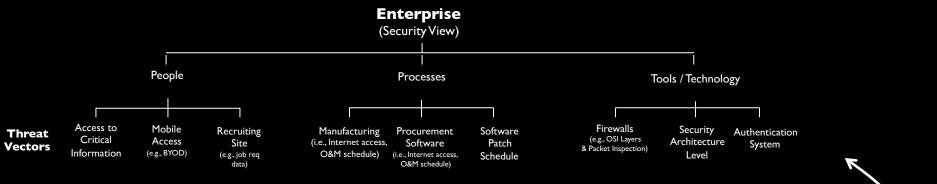
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# Enterprise Model (Populate with known Data)

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Q&A to Static Enterprise Model

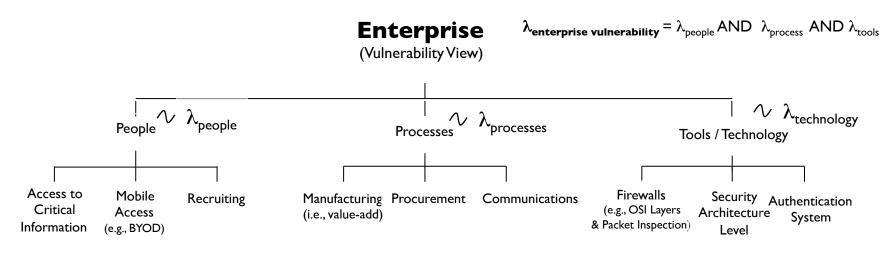
#### People, Processes & Tools from Surveys / Interviews



#### Use the Q&A process to develop an information structure amenable to modeling:

	People	Processes	Tools
Who	System Access		User Authentication
What	<ul><li>Personally Identifiable Information (PII)</li><li>Social Media</li></ul>	<ul><li>Critical Information</li><li>High Volume (e.g., manufacturing)</li></ul>	
When	System Access	<ul><li>Maintenance Schedule</li><li>Patch Schedule</li><li>Software Updates</li></ul>	
Where	<ul><li>Fixed Site</li><li>Mobile</li></ul>		
Why	<ul><li>Business System access</li><li>Technology System Access</li></ul>		Secure Sockets Layer (SSL)
How	<ul><li>Recruiting</li><li>Screening</li></ul>		<ul> <li>Security Architecture Level</li> <li>Firewall – monitoring &amp; control</li> </ul>

## Enterprise Model & Parameterization (organize respective failure rate estimates)



 $<sup>\</sup>lambda_{people} = \lambda_{crit info access} AND \lambda_{mobile access} AND \lambda_{recruiting}$ 

- $\lambda$  is the failure rate for the respective domain (e.g., people, process, tool) or one of its components
- Exponential distribution results in "additive" combination of failure rates over the heterogeneous data for the respective domains

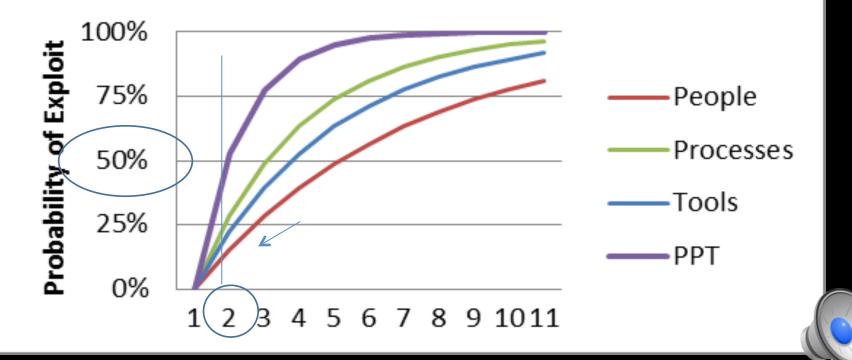


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## **"As Is" Risk Estimation** (Strategy – "Do Nothing")

## Time (months) vs. Mean Time to Exploit

### (MTTE) (Strategy : <u>Do Nothing</u>)



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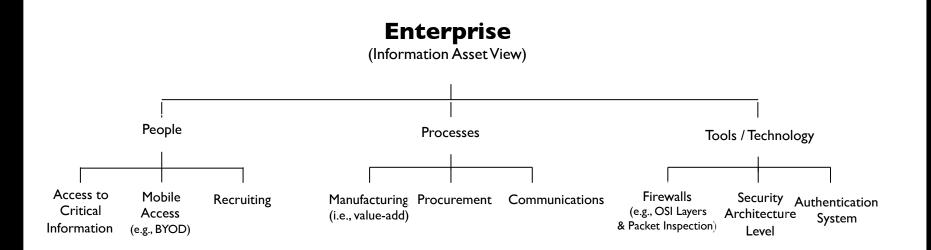
### **Example Countermeasures as Work Packages**

Packages / Domain & Work Package		Affect	terprise D ted by Wo ackages		Work Package Time / Cost Estimate		
Work Packages		People $(\lambda_{people})$	Process (λ <sub>process</sub> )	Tool (λ <sub>tool</sub> )	Implementation Time	Cost (\$ K)	
	Access	•	0	0	months	10's	
Policy	Mobile Device	•	•	•	months	10's	
	Critical Information	•	•	0	months	10's	
	Phishing	•	0	0	weeks	10's	
Training	Internet Use	•	0	0	weeks	10's	
	Social Engineering	•	•	0	weeks	10's	
	Firewalls	0	•	•	days	100's	
Technology	M&C	0	0	•	days	100's	
	Authentication	•	0	•	weeks	100's	

- Work Packages provided as policy / training / technology "fixes" and affect cyber enterprise domains (i.e., people, processes and tools) independently
- Independent Work Package provision results in ready project plans in terms of time and cost estimates for improving enterprise resiliance

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# Model Based Knowledge based





<sup>1</sup> "Artificial Intelligence and National Security" (http://www.belfercenter.org/sites/default/files/files/publication/AI%20NatSec%20-%20final.pdf)



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# Nissan Quest / Ford Villager

- 7 Prototype builds
- 1000s of hours of testing / evaluation





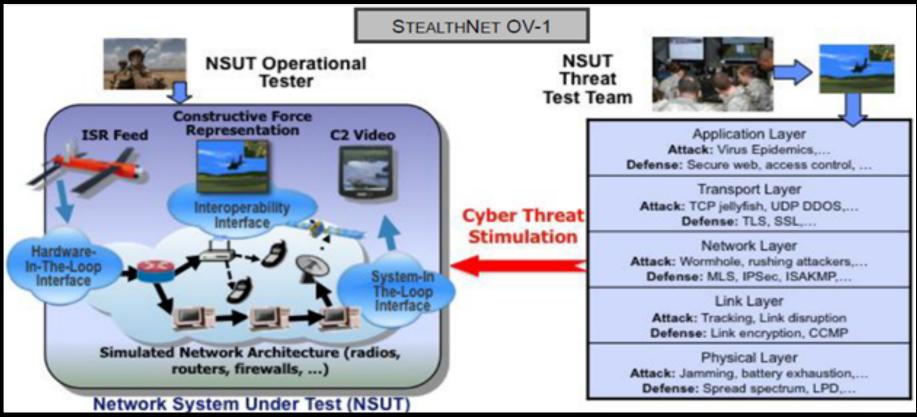


Bemidji MN Cold Weather Testing

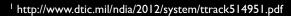


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# Cyber M&S / Test Example



# Network Emulation (StealthNet) injection into Network System Under Test (NSUT)<sup>1</sup>

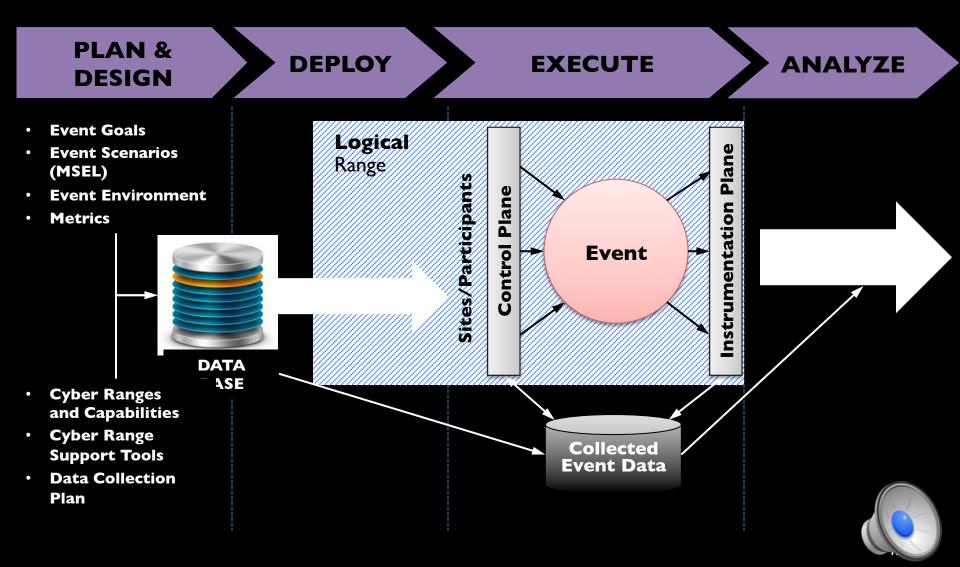


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## Cyber-Range Event Process Overview

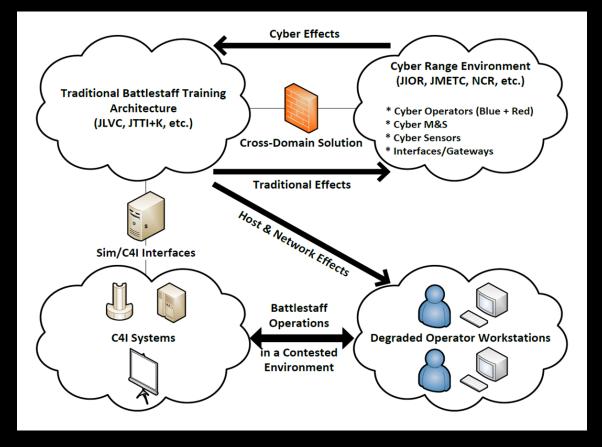
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## Cyber Operations Architecture Training System (COATS)<sup>1</sup>



#### Inject Cyber Range effects into Command Staff training simulati

<sup>1</sup> 2015 I/ITSEC Best Paper (http://www.iitsec.org/about-iitsec/publications-and-proceedings/best-papers-and-tutorials-from-past-iitsec)

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"I'm no expert, but I think it's some kind of cyber attack!"



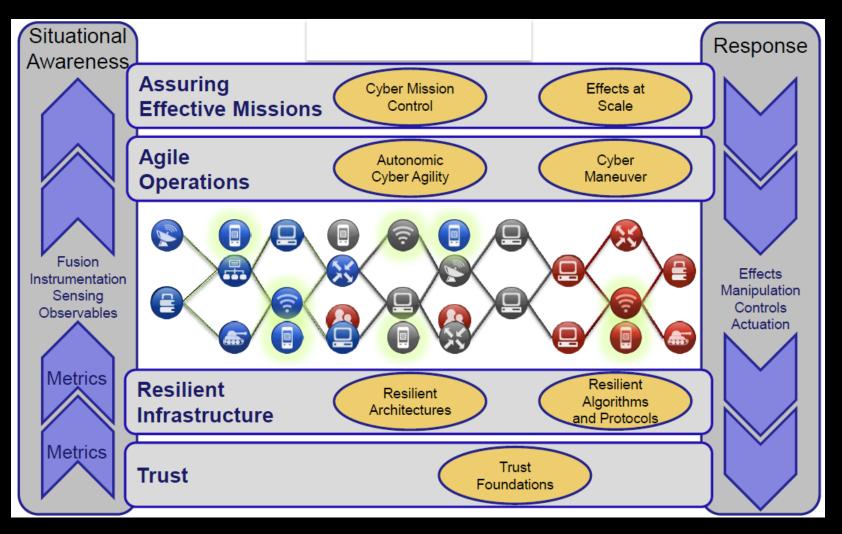


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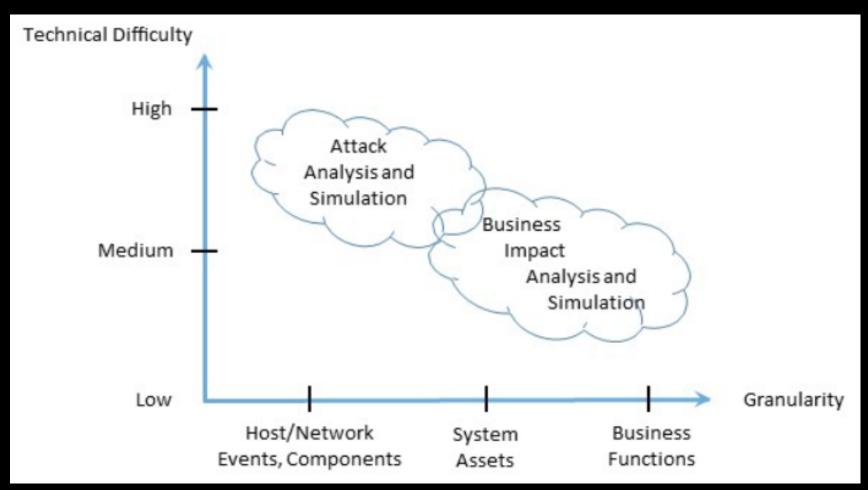
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#### Cyber Mission Representation (DoD SBIR Conf – 2013)

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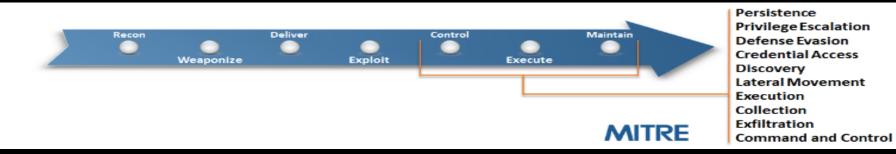
#### Two major subspaces of cyber M&S problems

in the second second



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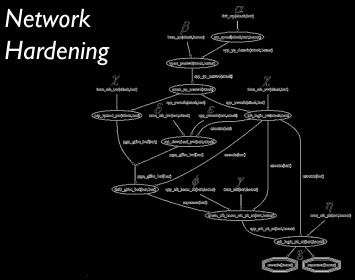
## MITRE & ATT@CK Framework<sup>I</sup>



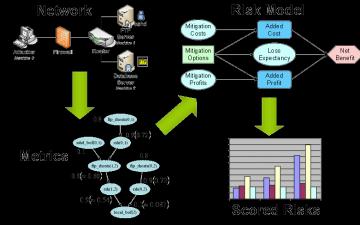
- ATT@CK provides decomposition of cyber attack cycle
- CARET<sup>2</sup> expands ATT@CK to give more context on tactics, tools and threat groups

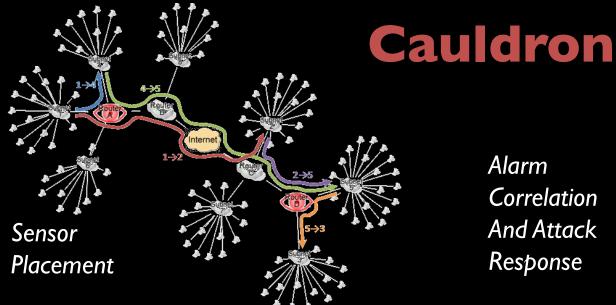
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ATT&CK MAPPING EXPLORE NETWORKS											
Detailed grid Enable outlines		Command and Control	Exfiltration	Credential Access	Persistence	Collection	Defense Evasion	Discovery	Privilege Escalation	Lateral Movement	Execution
		Data Obfuscation	Data Compressed	Credential Dumping	Winlogon Helper DLL	Data from Local System	File System Logical	System Service	Local Port Monitor	Application Deployme	Windows Remote
Select group		Fallback Channels	Exfiltration Over Othe	Network Sniffing	Local Port Monitor	Data from Removabl	Binary Padding	Application Window	Accessibility Features	Remote Services	Service Execution
Search Analytics		Custom Cryptograp	Automated Exfiltration	Input Capture	Accessibility Features	Data from Network	Rootkit	Query Registry	Path Interception	Windows Remote	Windows Manageme
		Multiband Communicatic	Data Encrypted	Exploitation of	Basic Input/Outp	Input Capture	Obfuscated Files or	Local Network	DLL Search Order	Logon Script	s Scheduled Task
		Standard Cryptograp	Scheduled Transfer	Credentials in Files	Shortcut Modification	Data Staged	Masquerading	Remote System	File System Permissio	Shared Webroot	Command- Line Interfac
SELECT ALL CLEAR ALL		Commonly Used Port	Data Transfer Size Limits	Credential Manipulation	Modify Existing	Screen Capture	DLL Search Order	System Owner/Us	New Service	Exploitation of	Graphical User Interfac
Autorun Differences		Uncommonly Used Port	Exfiltration Over	Brute Force	Path Interception	Email Collection	Software Packing	Network Service	Scheduled Task	Third-party Software	Scripting
CAR-2013-01-002		Standard Applicatio	Exfiltration Over	Two-Factor Authenticat	Logon Scripts	Clipboard Data	Indicator Blocking	Local Network	DLL Injection	Pass the Has	h Third-party Software
SMB Events Monitoring		Multilayer Encryption	Exfiltration Over Physic		DLL Search Order	Automated Collection	DLL Injection	Process Discovery	Service Registry	Remote Desktop	Rundll32
CAR-2013-01-003		Connection Proxy			Change Default Fil	Audio Capture	Scripting	Security Software	Exploitation of	Windows Admin Share	s PowerShell
Processes Spawning cmd.exe		Communicatic Through			File System Permissio	Video Capture	Indicator Removal fro	Permission Groups	Legitimate Credentials	Taint Shared Content	l Process Hollowing
CAR-2013-02-003		Custom Comman			New Service		Exploitation of	System Informatio	Bypass User Account	Replication	Execution through API
Simultaneous Logins on a Host CAR-2013-02-008		Standard Non			Scheduled Task		Indicator Removal o	File and Directory	Web She <sup>1</sup>		evr32
User Logged in to Multiple Hosts	_	Web Service			Service Registry		DLL Side- Loading	Account Discovery	AppInit I		1

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#### Security Metrics





Alarm Correlation And Attack Response

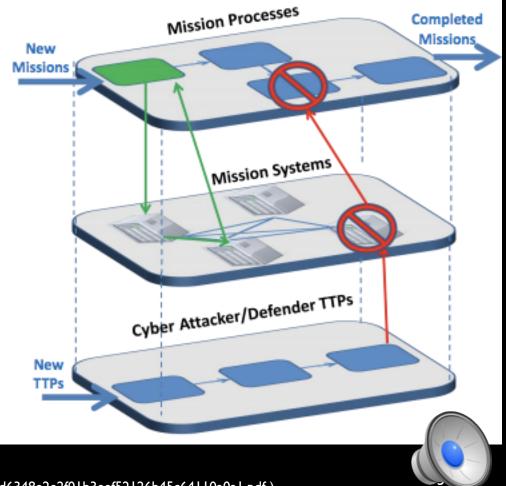


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# Analyzing Mission Impacts of Cyber Actions (AMICA)<sup>12</sup>

For mission analysts, we seek to answer mission impact questions

For cyber defenders and analysts, we consider security posture



<sup>1</sup> 2015 NATO IST 128 Workshop (https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/ff89/1d6348e2e2f01b3eef52126b45c64110a0a1.pdf ) <sup>2</sup> http://csis.gmu.edu/noel/pubs/2015\_AMICA.pdf



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Cyber Threads	Examples				
People	<ul> <li>Mission Operators</li> <li>Cyber Security Professionals</li> <li>M&amp;S Professionals that help design secure cyber systems</li> </ul>				
Process	<ul> <li>Insurance Evaluation</li> <li>Assessment Frameworks</li> <li>Knowledge Based Design</li> <li>Range Testing</li> <li>Modeling Process for Developing Secure Cyber Systems</li> </ul>				
Technology	<ul> <li>Attack / Dependency Graphs</li> <li>Layered Network Simulators</li> <li>Threat Frameworks</li> </ul>				

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# 5 Step Formula for Cyber M&S Success

- I. Use your skills to make a contribution to Cyber Modeling
- 2. Because we need it
- 3. I know you can do it
- 4. Think what you've done together before
- 5. Now let's go and do it!



7<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Simulation and Modeling Methodologies, Technologies and Applications



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